

Genetics parameters of feed efficiency in dairy goats, under commercial conditions





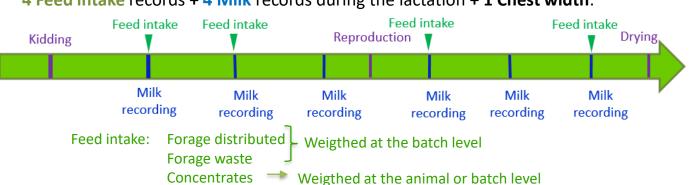


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Experimental design:

14 commercial farms + 1 experimental farm, between 2019 and 2021.

4 Feed intake records + 4 Milk records during the lactation + 1 Chest width:







- 1,636 primiparous dairy goats phenotyped (663 Alpine and 973 Saanen)
- 4,827 records in the data set (1,879 and 2,948 for Alpine and Saanen)

Residual Energy Intake (REI) estimation:

EI= $\beta_0 + \beta_1 \times MY + \beta_2 \times FC + \beta_3 \times PC + \beta_4 \times CW + REI$

EI: energy intake (UFL),

MY: milk yield FC: fat content

PC: protein content

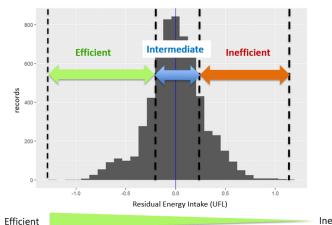
CW: chest width

Moderate heritabilities

| Breed | Phenotype | h² |
|--------|-----------|--------------------|
| Alpine | REI | 0.18 (0.08) |
| Saanen | REI | 0.20 (0.07) |

- $h^2 < h^2 = 0.25$ in mixed-breed (Desire *et al.*, 2017)
- $h^2 > h^2 = 0.12$ in ewes SMARTER (Machefert et al., 2022)

Goats classification in 3 REI groups for breeders



Inefficient



